SUPREME COURT OF COLORADO

101 West Colfax Avenue, Suite 800 Denver, CO 80202

ORIGINAL PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO § 1-40-107(2), C.R.S. (2010)

IN THE MATTER OF THE TITLE, BALLOT TITLE AND SUBMISSION CLAUSE FOR 2009-2010 #87

Petitioner:

JOHN GREGORY LEEDE, Objector

VS.

Respondents:

ROBERT HAMEL and JAY P.K. KENNEY, Proponents

and

Title Board:

WILLIAM A. HOBBS, DANIEL L. CARTIN, and DANIEL DOMENICO

SUPREME COURT

MAY - 7 2010

OE THE STATE OF COLORADO SUSAN J. FESTAG, CLERK

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Attorneys for Petitioner:

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Case Number:

10SA130 4

PETITION FOR REVIEW OF FINAL ACTION OF BALLOT TITLE SETTING BOARD CONCERNING PROPOSED INITIATIVE 2009-2010 #87



Petitioner, John Gregory Leede (the "Petitioner"), a registered elector of the State of Colorado, through his counsel, Greenberg Traurig, LLP, pursuant to Colo. Rev. Stat. § 1-40-107(2), respectfully submits this petition for review to appeal the decision of the Title Board in setting the title for Proposed Initiative 2009-2010 #87.

ACTIONS OF THE TITLE BOARD

Robert Hamel and Jay P.K. Kenney (the "Proponents") proposed Initiative 2009-2010 #87 (the "Initiative"). On April 6, 2010, the directors of the Colorado Legislative Council and the Office of Legislative Legal Services submitted a Memorandum to the Proponents in compliance with Colo. Rev. Stat. § 1-40-105(1). On April 9, 2010, a review and comment hearing on the Initiative was held before designated representatives of the Offices of Legislative Council and Legislative Legal Services to address technical and substantive comments and questions concerning the Initiative.

On April 9, 2010, the Proponents submitted a final version of the Initiative to the Secretary of State.

On April 21, 2010, the Title Board held a public hearing in order to establish the Initiative's single subject and set title.

On April 28, 2010, Petitioner filed a Motion for Rehearing alleging that: (1) the Initiative violated the single subject requirement of Colo. Const. art. V, § 1(5.5)

and the Colo. Rev. Stat. § 1-40-106.5; (2) the title set failed to express the Initiative's true intent and meaning; and (3) the title set contained an impermissible catch-phrase.

The Motion for Rehearing was heard at the next meeting of the Title Board on April 30, 2010. In response to the Motion for Rehearing and oral argument, the Title Board revised the ballot title. The Motion for Rehearing was otherwise denied by a vote of two to one.

This timely appeal followed.

ADVISORY LIST OF ISSUES PRESENTED

The Initiative, a proposed amendment to the Colorado Constitution, violates the single subject requirement. Further, the title set by the Title Board is misleading, fails to correctly and fairly express the true meaning of the Initiative, and will certainly lead to voter confusion.

- 1. Whether the Initiative violates the single subject requirement of the Colo. Const. art. V, § 1(5.5) and the Colo. Rev. Stat. § 1-40-106.5.
- 2. Whether the Initiative's title, ballot title, and submission clause are misleading, confusing, unclear, and fail to accurately and fairly reflect the Initiative's true meaning and intent. The title fails to omit the central feature of the Initiative: that the measure grants the public the right to use the water of every natural stream within the state of Colorado without regard to the landowner's

consent. In addition, despite fundamental differences between this Initiative and Proposed Initiative 2009-2010 #88, the titles set for both initiatives are identical.

SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

As required by Colo. Rev. Stat. § 1-40-107(2), a certified copy of the Initiative, a certified copy of the Motion for Rehearing, and a certified copy of the title set are submitted with this Petition. See Exhibit A. Petitioner has also attached the April, 6, 2010 Legislative Council and the Office of Legislative Legal Services Memorandum. See Exhibit B. Petitioner has also included the transcript from the Title Board hearing on April 21, 2010, see Exhibit C, and the transcript from the Motion for Rehearing on April 30, 2010, see Exhibit D.

RELIEF REQUESTED

Petitioner respectfully requests that, after consideration of the parties' briefs, this Court reverse the actions of the Title Board with directions to decline to set a title and return the Initiative to the Proponents for failure to comply with single subject requirements or, in the alternative, that the title be corrected to accurately reflect the true intent and meaning of the Initiative.

Respectfully submitted this 7th day of May, 2010.

GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP

Douglas J. Friednash

Cuneyt A. Akay

Petitioner's Address: 2100 Plaza Tower One 6400 South Fiddler's Green Circle Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 7th day of May, 2010, a true and correct copy of the foregoing **PETITION FOR REVIEW OF FINAL ACTION OF BALLOT TITLE SETTING BOARD CONCERNING PROPOSED INITIATIVE 2009-2010** #87 was placed in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to the following:

Robert Hamel P.O. Box 337 Cotopaxi, Colorado 81223

Jay P.K. Kenney 910 Gaylord Street Denver, Colorado 80206

Mark G. Grueskin Isaacson Rosenbaum P.C. 1001 17th Street Suite 1800 Denver, Colorado 80202

Maurice G. Knaizer Deputy Attorney General Colorado Department of Law 1525 Sherman Street, 6th Floor Denver, Colorado 80203

Karen Brock

Exhibit A



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

CERTIFICATE

I, BERNIE BUESCHER, Secretary of State of the State of Colorado, do hereby certify that:

the attached are true and exact copies of the text, motion for rehearing, titles, and the rulings thereon of the Title Board on Proposed Initiative "2009-2010 #87".....

. IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I have unto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Colorado, at the City of Denver this 4st day of May, 2010.

Venice Juescher

SECRETARY OF STATE

Initiative 2009-2010 #87 (FINAL)

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Be it Enacted by the People of the State of Colorado:

Colorado Secretary of State

Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Colorado is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION to read:

SECTION 9. RIGHTS OF USE - NATURAL STREAMS.

- (1) Purposes and findings. Reasonable access to Colorado's natural streams and the lands immediately adjacent to the natural streams is an important element of safe use of state waters. The people of Colorado confirm and clarify that specific rights are associated with this access and further acknowledge that the public's exercise of such rights does not adversely affect property interests of landowners whose properties are adjacent to natural streams.
- (2) Rights of use. The right to use the water of every natural stream within the state of Colorado historically included and shall continue to include:
 - (a) THE RIGHT TO FLOAT ANY CRAFT UPON ANY NATURAL STREAM THAT IS CAPABLE OF SUCH USE;
 - (b) THE RIGHT, AS A NECESSARY INCIDENT TO THAT USE, TO MAKE SUCH CONTACT WITH THE BED OR BANKS OF THE NATURAL STREAM BELOW THE HIGH WATER MARK THAT IS THE MINIMUM POSSIBLE FOR THE FULL AND SAFE ENJOYMENT OF THE PUBLIC'S EASEMENT TO FLOAT; AND
 - (c) THE RIGHT TO FISH WHILE FLOATING.
- (3) Limitations on rights of use. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO:
 - (a) ALLOW ACCESS TO A NATURAL STREAM BY CROSSING PRIVATE LAND WITHOUT PERMISSION;
 - (b) ALLOW THE DROPPING OR DRAGGING OF AN ANCHOR OR THE INTENTIONAL BROACHING OF A CRAFT;
 - (c) CREATE A WATER RIGHT, AFFECT ANY EXISTING WATER RIGHT, OR IMPAIR THE RIGHT TO APPROPRIATE WATER; OR
 - (d) AFFECT TITLE TO THE BED OR BANKS OF ANY NATURAL STREAM.
- (4) **Definition.** "High water mark" of a natural stream means means the visible channel of a natural watercourse within which water flows with sufficient

FREQUENCY SO AS TO PRECLUDE THE ERECTION OR MAINTENANCE OF MAN-MADE IMPROVEMENTS WITHOUT SPECIAL PROVISION FOR PROTECTION AGAINST FLOWS OF WATER IN SUCH CHANNEL OR THE CHANNEL DEFINED BY THE MEAN ANNUAL FLOOD, WHICHEVER IS GREATER.



Mark G. Grueskin mgrueskin@ir-law.com

Direct Diat 303.256.3941

April 9, 2010

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Colorado Secretary of State

Ms. Cesiah Gomez Office of the Colorado Secretary of State 1700 Broadway, Suite 200 Denver, CO 80202

Re:

Initiative 2009-2010 #87

Dear Ms. Gomez:

Attached please find the original, amended, and final versions of Initiative 2009-2010 #87 for consideration by the Title Setting Board, submitted on behalf of the proponents by their counsel:

Robert Hamel P.O. Box 337 Cotopaxi, CO 81223

Jay P.K. Kenney 910 Gaylord St Denver, CO 80206

Sincerely,

Mark G. Grueskin

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Before the Colorado Title Setting Board

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MOTION FOR REHEARING

Colorado Secretary of State

IN THE MATTER OF THE TITLE AND THE BALLOT TITLE AND SUBMISSION CLAUSE SET FOR INITIATIVE 2009-2010 #87

Petitioner, Douglas Kemper, a registered elector of the State of Colorado, by and through his counsel, Burns, Figa & Will, P.C., hereby requests a rehearing and reconsideration of the Title Board's actions in this matter in setting the title and ballot title and submission clause (collectively the "Titles") on April 21, 2010, for Initiative #87 (the "Initiative"), which would amend Article XVI of the Colorado Constitution by adding a new Section 9 entitled "Rights of Use – Natural Streams."

Reconsideration is requested for the following reasons:

- 1. The Title Board lacks jurisdiction over this measure as the initiative violates the single-subject requirement. Colo. Const., art. V, sec. 1 (5.5).
- 2. The Titles violate C.R.S. § 1-40-106(3)(b) because they are misleading, likely to create confusion among the voters, do not correctly and fairly express the true intent and meaning of the initiative, contain a catch phrase, and fail to unambiguously state the principle of the provision sought to be added to the Constitution.

I. The Initiative Violates the Single-Subject Requirement.

The subjects of this measure include:

- a. Granting the public the rights to float any craft upon any natural stream that is capable of such use, regardless of the landowner's consent, and while doing so, to fish and to make contact with private property underlying a natural stream below the "high water mark"; and
- b. Declaring, in direct opposition to the rule of law established in *People v. Emmert*, 198 Colo. 137, 597 P.2d 1025 (1979), that the right to use waters of natural streams "historically included" this right to float any craft upon any natural stream overlying private property that is capable of such use, including the specified rights to fish and to make contact with the stream bed and banks on private property.

In *People v. Emmert*, the Colorado Supreme Court held that "the public has no right to the use of waters overlying private lands for recreational purposes without the consent of the owner." *Id.*, 597 at P.2d 1030.

In support of its decision, the Colorado Supreme Court further declared:

- i. "Section 5, Article XVI of the Colorado Constitution was primarily intended to preserve the historical appropriation system of water rights upon which the irrigation economy in Colorado was founded, rather than to assure public access to waters for purposes other than appropriation." *Id.*, 597 P.2d at 1028;
- ii. "Constitutional provisions historically concerned with appropriation, therefore, should not be applied to subvert a riparian bed owner's common law right to the exclusive surface use of waters bounded by his lands." *Id.*, 597 P.2d at 1029; and
- iii. The "common law rule" of private ownership is "of more force and effect, . . . given its longstanding recognition in this state," than competing rationales such as "the creation of a public trust based on usability." *Id.*, 597 P.2d at 1027.

The measure seeks not only to overturn, but to expunge, this precedent by decreeing that Colorado's constitutional right "historically included" the opposite principles.

II. The Titles Violate C.R.S. § 1-40-106(3)(b).

The Titles are improper and violate C.R.S. 1-40-106(3)(b) in the following respects:

- a. The omission of the following material features of the Initiative render the Titles misleading:
 - i. "The right to use the water of every natural stream within the state of Colorado historically included . . . [the rights granted in the measure]."
 - ii. "The people of Colorado . . . further acknowledge that the public's exercise of such rights does not adversely affect property interests of landowners whose properties are adjacent to natural streams."
- b. The "right to float" is a prohibited catch phrase that is intended to prejudice public consideration of the measure.
- c. The Titles set for the Initiative are likely to create voter confusion in that they are identical to the titles set for 2009-2010 Initiative #88,

even though the text of Initiative #88 differs from that of this Initiative (#87) in material respects. The text of Initiative #88 does not include the phrase "[t]he right to use the water of every natural stream within the state of Colorado historically included and shall continue to include. . ."; whereas, the text of this Initiative (#87) does include this phrase.

WHEREFORE, the Petitioner, Douglas Kemper, respectfully requests a rehearing and reconsideration of the Title Board's actions in setting titles for Initiative 2009-2010 #87.

Respectfully submitted this 28th day of April, 2010.

BURNS, FIGA & WILL, P.C.

y: s Stephen P. Leonhardt

Stephen H. Leonhardt, #15122

Alix L. Joseph, #33345

6400 S. Fiddlers Green Circle, Suite 1000

Greenwood Village, CO 80111

Attorneys for Petitioner Douglas Kemper

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on this 28th day of April, 2010, a true and correct copy of the foregoing **MOTION FOR REHEARING** was served on the following via LexisNexis File & Serve or by depositing a copy of same in the United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:

Via U.S. Mail:

Robert Hamel P.O. Box 337 Cotopaxi, CO 81223 Proponent

Jay P.K. Kenney 910 Gaylord Street Denver, CO 80206 Proponent

Via U.S. Mail & Email:

Mark G. Grueskin, Esq. Isaacson Rosenbaum, P.C. 1001 17th Street, Suite 1800 Denver, CO 80202 mgrueskin@ir-law.com *Attorney for the Proponents*

s/Paige Ranum \ UG

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ELECTIONS
SECRETARY OF STATE

COLORADO TITLE SETTING BOARD

In re Proposed Initiative 2009-2010 # 87 ("Use of Colorado Water Streams")

MOTION FOR REHEARING

On behalf of John Gregory Leede, a registered elector of the State of Colorado, the undersigned hereby files this Motion for Rehearing in connection with the Proposed Initiative 2009-2010 #87 ("Use of Colorado Water Streams," hereinafter described as the "Initiative") which the Title Board ("Board") heard on April 21, 2010. This Motion for Rehearing presents three issues: (1) whether the Initiative violates the single subject requirement of the Colorado Constitution; (2) whether the ballot title is misleading because it fails to express the true intent and meaning of the Initiative; and (3) whether the title contains an impermissible catch phrase.

A. The Initiative violates the Single Subject Requirement.

A proposed ballot initiative must be limited to a single subject and a single, distinct purpose. See Colo. Const. art. V, § 1(5.5) & Colo. Rev. Stat. § 1-40-106.5. The purpose of the single-subject requirement for ballot initiatives is two-fold: to forbid the treatment of incongruous subjects in order to gather support by enlisting the help of advocates of each of an initiative's numerous measures and "to prevent surprise and fraud from being practiced upon voters." See C.R.S. § 1-40-106.5(e)(I, II). It is not proper to simply broaden the subject of a title to give the appearance of a single subject. In re Title, Ballot Title & Submission Clause &

¹ Unofficially captioned "Use of Colorado Water Streams" by legislative staff for tracking purposes. Such caption is not part of the titles set by the Board.

Summary for 2007-2008 #17, 172 P.3d 871, 873-74 (Colo. 2007) ("multiple subjects may be improperly offered as a single subject by stating the subject in broad terms").

However, this Initiative embodies an instance where the title has been improperly broadened to hide, among other things, the multiple subjects of the Initiative. Here, the ballot title and submission clause describes the single subject of the Initiative as "the right to use the water of every natural stream within the state." The proponents have characterized this Initiative under a overarching and general theme in order to combine different proposals in the hopes of getting unrelated subjects passed by enlisting support from various advocates of the subjects (e.g., commercial rafters, fisherman, and other outdoor recreational users)--thereby securing the enactment of subjects that could not be enacted on their merits alone. See In re Proposed Initiative on "Public Rights in Water II", 898 P.2d 1076, 1080 (Colo. 1995) (holding that "[t]he common characteristic that the paragraphs all involve 'water' is too general and too broad to constitute a single subject.").

Moreover, this Initiative contains distinct and separate purposes.

- 1. The Initiative seeks to grant the public "the right to use the water of every natural stream." In doing so, it would to reverse longstanding common law which provides that the public has no right to the use of waters overlying private lands for recreational purposes without the consent of the owner. *People v. Emmert*, 198 Colo. 137, 597 P.2d 1075, 1030 (Colo. 1979).
- 2. The Initiative grants the public the right to trespass onto private property. The Initiative gives the public "[t]he right . . . to make such contact with the bed or banks of the natural stream below the high water mark that is the minimum possible for the full and safe enjoyment of the public's easement to float."

3. The Initiative also provides the public "[t]he right to fish while floating." This right to fish allows the public to fish on waters overlying private property, which may be stocked with fish supplied by the private property owner. This is a distinct purpose from the right to float, the right to make contact, and a granted "easement to float" because fishing is a separate activity from floating and contacting the bed and banks.

B. The Initiative Fails to Express the Initiative's True Intent and Meaning.

In addition to the separate, distinct, and unrelated subjects and purposes within the Initiative, the Initiative's title fails to fully express its true intent and meaning. Colo. Rev. Stat. §1-40-102(10) provides that the title should be a "brief statement that fairly and accurately represents the true meaning and intent of the proposed text of the initiative." Further, in setting a title, the Board "shall consider the public confusion that might be caused by misleading titles and shall, whenever practicable, avoid titles for which the general understanding of the effect of a 'yes' or 'no' vote will be unclear. The title for the proposed law or constitutional amendment, which shall correctly and fairly express the true intent and meaning thereof . . . " In re Proposed Initiative on Sch. Pilot Program, 874 P.2d 1066, 1069 (Colo. 1994).

This title misleads voters as to the Initiative's true intent and meaning. The title would mistakenly lead the voter to conclude that the rights currently exist; it does not fairly and accurately inform the voter that the measure would drastically change the law in Colorado. The true intent of this Initiative is to give the public the right to use waters of every natural stream regardless of private property rights. This right has never existed in Colorado. Moreover, this Initiative itself attempts to deceive the voter by asserting that the public already has the right to use the water of every natural stream within the State of Colorado and that this right

"historically" included (1) the right to float, (2) the right to make contact with the bed and banks, including the nebulous reference to the public's "easement to float", and (3) the right to fish while floating. However, the Colorado Supreme Court has held that "the public has no right to the use of waters overlying private lands for recreational purposes without the consent of the owner." *People v. Emmert*, 597 P.2d 1025, 1030 (Colo. 1979). Therefore, the true intent and meaning of this proposed Initiative is to grant new rights to the public and drastically change existing Colorado law and the ballot title fails to inform the public of this true intent and meaning.

The Initiative sets forth three distinct rights under this broad umbrella, but a voter reading the ballot title cannot ascertain whether the Initiative grants rights beyond the three enumerated subjects or whether the public's right to use the water of every natural stream contains any restrictions or limitations. Thus, the Title does not enable the voter, whether familiar or unfamiliar with the subject matter of this proposal, to determine intelligently whether to support or oppose this proposal.

C. The Title of The Initiative Contains An Impermissible Catch Phrase.

The ballot title of this Initiative contains the phrase "the right to float" to describe a portion of the purported public right to use every natural stream. This is an impermissible catchphrase. "It is well established that the use of catch phrases or slogans in the title, ballot title and submission clause, and summary should be carefully avoided by the Board." *In re Title, Ballot Title and Submission Clause, and Summary for 1999-2000 #258(A)*, 4 P.3d 1094, 1100 (Colo. 2000) (citations and internal quotations omitted). "Catch phrases' are words that work to a proposal's favor without contributing to voter understanding. By drawing attention to

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 28th day of April, 2010, a true and correct copy of the foregoing MOTION FOR REHEARING was sent U.S. Mail as follows to:

Robert Hamel P.O. Box 337 Cotopaxi, CO 81223

Jay P.K. Kenney 910 Gaylord Street Denver, CO 80206

Karen Brock

Ballot Title Setting Board

Proposed Initiative 2009-2010 #871

The title as designated and fixed by the Board is as follows:

An amendment to the Colorado constitution concerning public use of the water of every natural stream within the state, and, in connection therewith, declaring that the public may float any craft upon any natural stream that is capable of such use, make contact with the bed or banks of the natural stream below the high water mark, and fish while floating, and stating that the measure shall not be construed to allow access to a natural stream by crossing private land without permission, allow the dropping or dragging of an anchor or the intentional broaching of a craft, create a water right, affect any existing water right, or impair the right to appropriate water, or affect title to the bed or banks of any natural stream.

The ballot title and submission clause as designated and fixed by the Board is as follows:

Shall there be an amendment to the Colorado constitution concerning public use of the water of every natural stream within the state, and, in connection therewith, declaring that the public may float any craft upon any natural stream that is capable of such use, make contact with the bed or banks of the natural stream below the high water mark, and fish while floating, and stating that the measure shall not be construed to allow access to a natural stream by crossing private land without permission, allow the dropping or dragging of an anchor or the intentional broaching of a craft, create a water right, affect any existing water right, or impair the right to appropriate water, or affect title to the bed or banks of any natural stream?

Hearing April 21, 2010: Single subject approved; staff draft amended; titles set. Hearing adjourned 6:31 p.m.

Hearing April 30, 2010:

Motions for Rehearing granted in part to the extent Board amended titles; denied in all other respects.

Hearing adjourned 2:53 p.m.

¹ Unofficially captioned "Use of Colorado Water Streams" by legislative staff for tracking purposes. Such caption is not part of the titles set by the Board.